

Summary of CPR & AED			
Adults, Children & Infant for Health-Care Providers			
Action	Adult & Older Child	Child (1 to Puberty)	Infant (less than 1 year old)
Assess the Scene	• Check for scene safety		
Check for Responsivness	• No Breathing of only gasping (no normal breathing) • (Breathing in less than No definate pulse felt within 10 seconds 10 seconds) and pulse check can be preformed simultaneously		
Phone Emergency Response (911)	If you are alone with no mobile phone, leave the victom to activate the Emergency response system and the AED before beginning CPR. Otherwise, Send someone to and begin CPR immediately; use the AED as soon as possible.	Witnessed collapse •Follow steps for aldutls and adolescents on the left. Unwitnessed collapse •Give 2 minutes of CPR •Leave the victom to activate the emergency rresponse system and get an AED. •Return to the child or infant and resume CPR; ues the AED as soon as possible	
Compression-ventilation ratio without advanced airway	1 or 2 Rescuers 30:2	1 Rescuer 30:2 2 or more Rescuers 15:2	
Compression Rate	100 - 120/min		
Compression Depth	At least 2 Inches (5m)*	At least one third AP diameter of the chest. About 2 inches (5cm)	At least one third AP diameter of the chest. About 1 1/2 inches (4cm)
Hand Placement	2 Hands on the lower half of the breastbone (sternum)	2 Hands or 1 hand (optional for very small child) on the lower half of the breastbone (Sternum)	1 rescuer 2 fingers in the cneter of the chest, just below the nipple line 2 or more Rescuers 2-thumb encircling hands in the center of the chest, just below the nipple line.
Chest Recoil	Allow full recoil of chest after each compression, do not lean on the chest after each compression		
Minimizing Interruptions	Limit inturrptions in chest compressions to less than 19 seconds		